

## **DEMOGRAPHICS**

#### Are you:

- 47% Male
- 51 Female
- 2 Other

#### In what year were you born? (Recoded into the following age categories)

- 24%18 to 342235 to 492650 to 64
- 20 50 to 1 27 65+

### In what ZIP code do you currently live? (Recoded into the following geographic categories)

- 38% South
- 22 Midwest
- 21 West
- 17 Northeast

#### What is your race?

- 66% White / Caucasian
- 11 Hispanic or Latino/a
- 11 Black or African American
- 6 Asian / Pacific Islander
- 1 American Indian or Alaska Native
- 4 Other

### What is the highest level of education you have completed?

- 12% High school diploma or less
- 27 Some college, but no degree
- 12 Associate's degree, or two-year college degree
- 28 Bachelor's degree, or four-year college degree
- 22 Graduate degree

### **Party Identification**

- 25% Strong Democrats
- 9 Weak Democrats
- 11 Independent lean Democrats
- 12 Pure independents
- 12 Independent lean Republicans
- 7 Weak Republicans
- 24 Strong Republicans

#### How did you vote in the 2020 election for President, or for some reason were you unable to vote?

- 46% Joe Biden, the Democrat
- 42 Donald Trump, the Republican
- 4 Jo Jorgensen, the Libertarian
- 4 Not registered/Too young/Ineligible
- 5 Did not vote



# **METHODOLOGY**

Change Research surveyed 3,197 registered voters nationwide from May 22-31, 2023. We used the following sources to recruit respondents:

- targeted advertisements on Facebook
- text messages sent, via the Switchboard platform, to cell phone numbers listed on the voter file for individuals who qualified for the survey's sample universe, based on their voter file data

Regardless of which of these sources a respondent came from, they were directed to an online survey hosted on Surveymonkey's website.

Ads placed on social media targeted all registered voters in the U.S. As the survey fielded, Change Research used dynamic online sampling: adjusting ad budgets, lowering budgets for ads targeting groups that were overrepresented and raising budgets for ads targeting groups that were underrepresented, so that the final sample was roughly representative of the population of registered voters across different groups. The survey was conducted in English.

The survey was conducted on behalf of Accountable for Equality and conducted online by Change Research. Post-stratification was performed on age, sex, education, race/ethnicity, geographic region, and 2020 presidential vote. Weighting parameters were based on the demographic composition of all registered voters, obtained from the voter file. That is, if a given age bracket represented x% of all registered voters on the voter file, then that same group would be weighted to x% in this survey. 2020 presidential results were based on numbers released by election officials nationwide.

The modeled margin of error\* for this survey is 2.0%, which uses effective sample sizes\*\* that adjust for the design effect of weighting.

\* We adopt The Pew Research Center's convention for the term "modeled margin of error"(1) (mMOE) to indicate that our surveys are not simple random samples in the pure sense, similar to any survey that has either non-response bias or for which the general population was not invited at random. A common, if imperfect, convention for reporting survey results is to use a single, survey-level mMOE based on a normal approximation. This is a poor approximation for proportion estimates close to 0 or 1. However, it is a useful communication tool in many settings and is reasonable in places where the proportion of interest is close to 50%. We report this normal approximation for our surveys assuming a proportion estimate of 50%.

\*\* The effective sample size adjusts for the weighting applied to respondents, and is calculated using Kish's approximation (2).

(1)

https://www.pewresearch.org/methods/2018/01/26/for-weighting-online-opt-in-samples-what-matters-most/ (2) Kish, Leslie. Survey Sampling, 1965.

For more information, contact Betsy App at <u>betsy@changeresearch.com</u>.



#### **REPORTED QUESTIONS**

The Code of Conduct for United States Judges includes ethical standards ensuring that judges avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety in all activities. The appearance of impropriety refers to situations where a judge's honesty, integrity, or impartiality is compromised. Judges should not allow family, social, political, financial, or other relationships to influence judicial conduct or judgment.

If a Supreme Court justice were to accept and not disclose extravagant and expensive personal gifts from a political donor, is this:

- 71% Very concerning
- 14 Somewhat concerning
- 7 Not too concerning
- 5 Not at all concerning
- 3 Not sure

85 Total concerning

12 Total not concerning

Do you think such gifts from a political megadonor affect justices' decisions on Supreme Court cases?

- 50% Yes, definitely
- 26 Yes, probably
- 12 No, probably not
- 5 No, definitely not
- 7 Not sure

#### 76 Total Yes

17 Total No

For decades, Supreme Court Justice Clarence Thomas accepted luxury gifts—trips on yachts and private jets, stays in exclusive resorts—from real estate magnate and Republican megadonor Harlan Crow. Mr. Crow also bought the residence of Justice Thomas's mother and paid to upgrade it, and paid for Justice Thomas's grandnephew's private boarding school tuition. Justice Thomas did not disclose these transactions, which violates the Ethics in Government Act.

#### How concerning is this to you?

- 62% Very concerning
- 13 Somewhat concerning
- 9 Not too concerning
- 13 Not at all concerning
- 3 Not sure

#### 76 Total concerning

22 Total not concerning



# Do you think that these gifts from a Republican megadonor have affected Justice Clarence Thomas's decisions on Supreme Court cases?

- 40% Yes, definitely
- 24 Yes, probably
- 13 No, probably not
- 15 No, definitely not
- 9 Not sure
- 64 Yes
- 27 No

#### [ROTATE NEXT TWO QUESTIONS]

#### Do you think Justice Clarence Thomas should:

- 45% Definitely resign from the Supreme Court
- 13 Probably resign from the Supreme Court
- 8 Probably NOT resign from the Supreme Court
- 24 Definitely NOT resign from the Supreme Court
- 10 Not sure

#### 58 Should resign

32 Should NOT resign

#### Do you think Justice Clarence Thomas should:

- 39% Definitely be impeached from the Supreme Court
- 17 Probably be impeached from the Supreme Court
- 8 Probably NOT be impeached from the Supreme Court
- 25 Definitely NOT be impeached from the Supreme Court
- 10 Not sure
- 56 Should be impeached
- 34 Should NOT be impeached